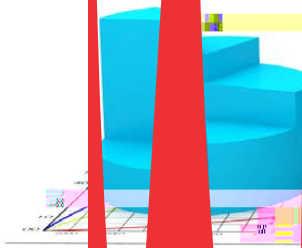


What can I do with **Finance?**

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What is Finance

Finance is the study of the management of money, investments, and other financial instruments. It involves the allocation of funds to various projects and the management of risk. Finance is a key component of business and economics, and it plays a central role in the functioning of modern economies. The field of finance is divided into several sub-disciplines, including corporate finance, investment banking, and financial markets. Finance is a dynamic and ever-evolving field, and it offers a wide range of career opportunities for individuals with a strong interest in money and business.

Top 10
Careers

What skills can graduates gain?

- Develop a range of skills and knowledge that are relevant to the workplace
- Gain experience of working in a professional environment
- Develop a range of transferable skills such as communication, teamwork and problem-solving
- Gain experience of working in a team
- Develop a range of technical skills relevant to the industry
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- Develop a range of technical skills relevant to the industry

Applied learning

Applied learning is a type of learning that focuses on the practical application of knowledge and skills. It is often used in vocational education and training, where students learn by doing. Applied learning can be used in a variety of ways, including:

- Work-based learning: Students learn by working in a real-world environment, such as a workplace or a community organization.
- Project-based learning: Students learn by working on a project that requires them to apply their knowledge and skills.
- Problem-based learning: Students learn by solving real-world problems.
- Case study learning: Students learn by studying real-world cases and applying their knowledge to them.

What do employers look for?

- Communication skills: Employers look for graduates who can communicate effectively, both verbally and in writing.
- Teamwork skills: Employers look for graduates who can work well in a team and contribute to the team's success.
- Problem-solving skills: Employers look for graduates who can identify problems and find creative solutions.
- Time management skills: Employers look for graduates who can manage their time effectively and meet deadlines.
- Adaptability: Employers look for graduates who can adapt to change and work in a dynamic environment.
- Technical skills: Employers look for graduates who have the technical skills relevant to the industry.
- Professionalism: Employers look for graduates who are professional, punctual, and have a good attitude.
- Initiative: Employers look for graduates who take initiative and are proactive.
- Leadership skills: Employers look for graduates who have the potential to lead others.
- Critical thinking skills: Employers look for graduates who can think critically and make sound decisions.

How can these skills be developed?

- Communication skills: Practice writing and speaking clearly, and actively listening to others.
- Teamwork skills: Work in teams on projects, and learn to share ideas and resources.
- Problem-solving skills: Identify problems, brainstorm solutions, and evaluate the best option.
- Time management skills: Create a schedule, prioritize tasks, and avoid procrastination.
- Adaptability: Be open to change, and learn to embrace new challenges.
- Technical skills: Take courses, attend workshops, and practice on the job.
- Professionalism: Dress appropriately, be punctual, and have a good attitude.
- Initiative: Take ownership of your work, and look for ways to improve.
- Leadership skills: Take on leadership roles in school or extracurricular activities.
- Critical thinking skills: Ask questions, analyze information, and make logical conclusions.

Where have graduates been employed?

- Government: Graduates are employed in various government departments, including health, education, and social services.
- Non-profit organizations: Graduates are employed in non-profit organizations, such as charities and community organizations.
- Public sector: Graduates are employed in public sector organizations, such as hospitals and schools.
- Private sector: Graduates are employed in a wide range of private sector organizations, including manufacturing, retail, and services.
- Academia: Graduates are employed in academia, such as universities and research centers.
- Industry: Graduates are employed in various industries, including engineering, finance, and marketing.
- Entrepreneurship: Graduates are employed in their own businesses, such as startups and small businesses.
- Freelance: Graduates are employed as freelancers, providing services to clients on a contract basis.
- Self-employment: Graduates are employed as self-employed individuals, such as consultants and coaches.
- Unemployed: Graduates are unemployed, either because they are looking for work or because they have not yet found work.

What jobs and activities might graduates do?

Graduates with a degree in Finance, Accounting and Economics can work in a wide range of roles. Some of the most common roles are listed below.

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Finance / commercial manager

Finance / commercial managers are responsible for the financial performance of an organisation. They may be involved in budgeting, forecasting, and financial reporting. They may also be involved in strategic planning and decision-making.

Financial advisor / associate / analyst

Financial advisors / associates / analysts provide advice and guidance to clients on financial matters. They may be involved in investment management, risk management, and financial planning.

Investment analyst / advisor

Investment analysts / advisors are responsible for identifying and evaluating investment opportunities. They may be involved in research, analysis, and portfolio management.

Product manager, financial market analyst

Product managers / financial market analysts are responsible for the development and marketing of financial products. They may be involved in research, analysis, and strategic planning.

Personal financial planner / advisor

Personal financial planners / advisors provide advice and guidance to individuals on financial matters. They may be involved in investment management, risk management, and financial planning.

Investment broker, investment trader, share broker, financial trader, quant trader

Investment brokers / investment traders / share brokers / financial traders / quant traders are responsible for buying and selling financial instruments. They may be involved in research, analysis, and trading.

Capital investment manager

Capital investment managers are responsible for the management of capital investments. They may be involved in research, analysis, and decision-making.

Business development manager

Business development managers are responsible for the development of new business opportunities. They may be involved in research, analysis, and strategic planning.

Portfolio manager / consultant

Portfolio managers / consultants are responsible for the management of investment portfolios. They may be involved in research, analysis, and decision-making.

Risk analyst / manager

Risk analysts / managers are responsible for the identification and management of risk. They may be involved in research, analysis, and decision-making.

Consumer banker

Consumer bankers are responsible for the provision of financial services to consumers. They may be involved in sales, marketing, and customer service.

Examples of other job titles and careers include:

Examples of other job titles and careers include: financial analyst, investment banker, financial consultant, financial controller, financial manager, financial planner, financial trader, financial writer, financial researcher, financial analyst, financial advisor, financial consultant, financial controller, financial manager, financial planner, financial trader, financial writer, financial researcher, financial analyst, financial advisor, financial consultant, financial controller, financial manager, financial planner, financial trader, financial writer, financial researcher.

Further study options

Graduates with a degree in Finance, Accounting and Economics can pursue further study options. Some of the most common options are listed below.

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How can I gain a sense of career direction?

There are several ways to gain a sense of career direction. Some of the most common ways are listed below.

Career planning checklist

Discover and reflect on:

- Your interests and passions
- Your strengths and weaknesses
- Your values and beliefs
- Your personality and temperament
- Your education and experience

Engage in a variety of experiences to learn about:

- Different industries and sectors
- Different roles and responsibilities
- Different organisations and companies
- Different cultures and environments
- Different challenges and opportunities

Learn more and gather career and study information

- (from your university and other sources)
- Career and study information
- Career and study information
- Career and study information
- Career and study information

Identify your next steps

- Career and study information
- Career and study information
- Career and study information
- Career and study information

Now that you are working, do you have any wisdom you can share?

1. I have learned that it is important to be organized and to manage my time effectively. I have also learned that it is important to be a team player and to communicate well with others.